Quality ID #236 (NQF 0018): Controlling High Blood Pressure
– National Quality Strategy Domain: Effective Clinical Care
– Meaningful Measure Area: Management of Chronic Conditions

2019 COLLECTION TYPE:
MEDICARE PART B CLAIMS

MEASURE TYPE:
Intermediate Outcome – High Priority

DESCRIPTION:
Percentage of patients 18 - 85 years of age who had a diagnosis of hypertension and whose blood pressure was adequately controlled (< 140/90 mmHg) during the measurement period

INSTRUCTIONS:
This measure is to be submitted a minimum of once per performance period for patients with hypertension seen during the performance period. The performance period for this measure is 12 months. The most recent quality code submitted will be used for performance calculation. This measure may be submitted by Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) eligible clinicians who perform the quality actions described in the measure based on the services provided and the measure-specific denominator coding.

NOTE: In reference to the numerator element, only blood pressure readings performed by a clinician in the provider office are acceptable for numerator compliance with this measure. Do not include blood pressure readings that meet the following criteria:

- Blood pressure readings from the patient’s home (including readings directly from monitoring devices).
- Taken on the same day as a diagnostic test or diagnostic or therapeutic procedure that requires a change in diet or change in medication on or one day before the day of the test or procedure, with the exception of fasting blood tests.

If no blood pressure is recorded during the measurement period, the patient’s blood pressure is assumed “not controlled”.

Measure Submission Type:
Measure data may be submitted by individual MIPS eligible clinicians using Medicare Part B claims. The listed denominator criteria are used to identify the intended patient population. The numerator quality-data codes included in this specification are used to submit the quality actions allowed by the measure on the claim form(s). All measure-specific coding should be submitted on the claim(s) representing the denominator eligible encounter and selected numerator option.

The intent of the exclusion for individuals age 65 and older residing in long-term care facilities, including nursing homes, is to exclude individuals who may have limited life expectancy and increased frailty where the benefit of the process may not exceed the risks. This exclusion is not intended as a clinical recommendation regarding whether the measures process is inappropriate for specific populations, instead the exclusions allows clinicians to engage in shared decision making with patients about the benefits and risks of screening when an individual has limited life expectancy.

DENOMINATOR:
Patients 18-85 years of age who had a diagnosis of essential hypertension within the first six months of the measurement period or any time prior to the measurement period

Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):
Patients 18 to 85 years of age on date of encounter

AND
Diagnosis for hypertension (ICD-10-CM): I10
AND
Patient encounter during performance period (CPT or HCPCS): 99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215, 99341, 99342, 99343, 99344, 99345, 99347, 99348, 99349, 99350, G0402, G0438, G0439

NUMERATOR:
Patients whose blood pressure at the most recent visit is adequately controlled (systolic blood pressure < 140 mmHg and diastolic blood pressure < 90 mmHg) during the measurement period

Numerator Instructions:
To describe both systolic and diastolic blood pressure values, each must be submitted separately. If there are multiple blood pressures on the same date of service, use the lowest systolic and lowest diastolic blood pressure on that date as the representative blood pressure.

NUMERATOR NOTE: In reference to the numerator element, only blood pressure readings performed by a MIPS eligible clinician in the provider office are acceptable for numerator compliance with this measure. Blood pressure readings from the patient's home (including readings directly from monitoring devices) are not acceptable.

If no blood pressure is recorded during the measurement period, the patient's blood pressure is assumed "not controlled."

If there are multiple blood pressure readings on the same day, use the lowest systolic and the lowest diastolic reading as the most recent blood pressure reading.

Numerator Quality-Data Coding Options:
Patient receiving Hospice Services, Patient Not Eligible:
Denominator Exclusion: G9740: Hospice services given to patient any time during the measurement period

OR
Patient not Eligible for Recommended Blood Pressure Parameters for Documented Reasons
Denominator Exclusion: G9231: Documentation of end stage renal disease (ESRD), dialysis, renal transplant before or during the measurement period or pregnancy during the measurement period

OR
Patient age 65 or older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or residing in long-term care facility, Patient Not Eligible
Denominator Exclusion: G9910 Patients age 65 or older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or residing in long-term care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 any time during the measurement period

OR
Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed
Systolic pressure (Select one (1) code from this section):
Performance Met: G8752: Most recent systolic blood pressure < 140 mmHg

OR
Performance Not Met: G8753: Most recent systolic blood pressure ≥ 140 mmHg

AND
Diastolic pressure (Select one (1) code from this section):
Performance Met: G8754: Most recent diastolic blood pressure < 90 mmHg

OR

Performance Not Met: G8755: Most recent diastolic blood pressure ≥ 90 mmHg

OR

Blood Pressure Measurement not Documented, Reason not Given

Performance Not Met: G8756: No documentation of blood pressure measurement, reason not given

RATIONALE:
Hypertension, or high blood pressure, is a very common and dangerous condition that increases risk for heart disease and stroke, two of the leading causes of death for Americans (Farley et al., 2010). Compared with other dietary, lifestyle, and metabolic risk factors, high blood pressure is the leading cause of death in women and the second-leading cause of death in men, behind smoking (Danaei et al., 2011). Approximately 1 in 3 U.S. adults, or about 70 million people, have high blood pressure but only about half (52%) of these people have their high blood pressure under control. Additionally, data from NHANES 2011 to 2012 found that 17.2% of U.S. adults are not aware they have hypertension (Nwankwo et al., 2013). Projections show that by 2030, approximately 41.4% of US adults will have hypertension, an increase of 8.4% from 2012 estimates (Heidenreich et al., 2011).

The estimated direct and indirect cost of high blood pressure for 2011 is $46.4 billion. This total includes direct costs such as the cost of physicians and other health professionals, hospital services, prescribed medications and home health care, as well as indirect costs due to loss of productivity from premature mortality (Mozaffarian et al., 2015). Projections show that by 2030, the total cost of high blood pressure could increase to an estimated $274 billion (Heidenreich et al., 2011).

Better control of blood pressure has been shown to significantly reduce the probability that undesirable and costly outcomes will occur. In clinical trials, antihypertensive therapy has been associated with reductions in stroke incidence (35-40%), myocardial infarction (20-25%) and heart failure (>50%) (Chobanian et al., 2003). Thus, the relationship between the measure (control of hypertension) and the long-term clinical outcomes listed is well established.

CLINICAL RECOMMENDATION STATEMENTS:
The United States Preventive Services Task Force (2007) recommends screening for high blood pressure in adults age 18 years and older. This is a grade A recommendation.


Treating systolic blood pressure and diastolic blood pressure to targets that are < 140/90 mmHg is associated with a decrease in cardiovascular disease complications.

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SAMPLE CALCULATION S:

Data Completeness:
Denominator Exclusion (x^2 - 10 patients) + Performance Met (a = 50 patients) + Performance Not Met (c + c^2 - 10 patients) = 70 patients = 87.5%
Eligible Population / Denominator (d = 80 patients) = 80 patients

Performance Rate:
Performance Met (a = 50 patients) = 50 patients = 50%
Data Completeness Numerator (70 patients) - Denominator Exclusion (x^2 - 10 patients) = 50 patients

*See the posted Measure Specifications for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.

NOTE: Submission Frequency: Patient-Intermediate
2019 Medicare Part B Claims Flow Narrative for Quality ID #236 NQF #0018:
Controlling High Blood Pressure

Please refer to the specific section of the specification to identify the denominator and numerator information for use in submitting this Individual Specification.

1. Start with Denominator

2. Check Patient Age:
   a. If Patient Age is equal to 18 to 85 Years on Date of Service equals No during the measurement period, do not include in Eligible Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Patient Age is equal to 18 to 85 Years on Date of Service equals Yes during the measurement period, proceed to check Patient Diagnosis.

3. Check Patient Diagnosis:
   a. If Diagnosis of Essential Hypertension as Listed in the Denominator equals No, do not include in Eligible Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Diagnosis of Essential Hypertension as Listed in the Denominator equals Yes, proceed to check Encounter Performed.

4. Check Encounter Performed:
   a. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals No, do not include in Eligible Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals Yes, include in Eligible Population.

5. Denominator Population:
   a. Denominator Population is all Eligible Patients in the Denominator. Denominator is represented as Denominator in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter d equals 80 patients in the Sample Calculation.

6. Start Numerator

7. Check Hospice Services Given to Patient Any Time During the Measurement Period:
   a. If Hospice Services Given to Patient Any Time During the Measurement Period equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion.
   b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter x equals 0 patients in Sample Calculation.
   c. If Hospice Services Given to Patient Any Time During the Measurement Period equals No, proceed to check Documentation of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), Dialysis, Renal Transplant before or during the Measurement Period or Pregnancy during the Measurement Period.

8. Check Documentation of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), Dialysis, Renal Transplant before or during the Measurement Period or Pregnancy during the Measurement Period:
a. If Documentation of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), Dialysis, Renal Transplant before or during the Measurement Period or Pregnancy during the Measurement Period equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion.

b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter x^2 equals 10 patients in Sample Calculation.

c. If Documentation of End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), Dialysis, Renal Transplant before or during the Measurement Period or Pregnancy during the Measurement Period equals No, proceed to check Patients Age 65 or Older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or Residing in Long-Term Care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 any time during the Measurement Period.

9. Check Patients Age 65 or Older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or Residing in Long-Term Care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 any time during the Measurement Period:

a. If Patient Age is 65 or Older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or Residing in Long-Term Care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 any time during the Measurement Period equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion.

b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter x^3 equals 0 patients in Sample Calculation.

c. If Patient Age is 65 or Older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or Residing in Long-Term Care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 any time during the Measurement Period equals No, proceed to check Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Systolic Pressure <140 mmHg AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Diastolic Pressure <90 mmHg.

10. Check Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Systolic Pressure <140 mmHg AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Diastolic Pressure <90 mmHg:

a. If Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Systolic Pressure <140 mmHg AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Diastolic Pressure <90 mmHg equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.

b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Met letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter a equals 20 patients in Sample Calculation.

c. If Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Systolic Pressure <140 mmHg AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Diastolic Pressure <90 mmHg equals No, proceed to check Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Systolic Pressure ≥140 mmHg AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Diastolic Pressure <90 mmHg.

11. Check Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Systolic Pressure ≥140 mmHg AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Diastolic Pressure <90 mmHg:

a. If Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Systolic Pressure ≥140 mmHg AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed - Diastolic Pressure <90 mmHg equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.

b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met letter is represented as Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c equals 20 patients in the Sample Calculation.
c. If Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure ≥140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure <90 mmHG equals No, proceed to check Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure <140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure ≥90 mmHG.

12. Check Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure <140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure ≥90 mmHG:
   
a. If Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure <140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure ≥90 mmHG equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.
   
b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met letter is represented as Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c^2 equals 10 patients in the Sample Calculation.
   
c. If Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure <140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure ≥90 mmHG equals No, proceed to check Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure ≥140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure ≥90 mmHG.

13. Check Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure ≥140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure ≥90 mmHG:
   
a. If Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure ≥140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure ≥90 mmHG equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.
   
b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met letter is represented as Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c^3 equals 0 patients in the Sample Calculation.
   
c. If Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Systolic Pressure ≥140 mmHG AND Most Recent Blood Pressure Measurement Performed- Diastolic Pressure ≥90 mmHG equals No, proceed to check Blood Pressure Measurement Not Documented, Reason Not Given.

14. Check Blood Pressure Measurement Not Documented, Reason Not Given:
   
a. If Blood Pressure Measurement Not Documented, Reason Not Given equals Yes, include in the Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.
   
b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met letter is represented as Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c^4 equals 10 patients in the Sample Calculation.
   
c. If Blood Pressure Measurement Not Documented, Reason Not Given equals No, proceed to check Data Completeness Not Met.

15. Check Data Completeness Not Met:
   
a. If Data Completeness Not Met, the Quality Data Code was not submitted. 10 patients have been subtracted from the Data Completeness Numerator in the Sample Calculation.
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:

Data Completeness:
Denominator Exclusion (c' x x' x x' = 10 patients) + Performance Met (c = 20 patients) + Performance Not Met (c' x x' x x' = 10 patients) = 70 patients = 87.50%

Eligible Population / Denominator (d=80 patients) = 80 patients

Performance Rate:
Performance Met (c = 20 patients) = 25 patients = 33.33%

Data Completeness Numerator (70 patients) - Denominator Exclusion (c' x x' x x' = 10 patients) = 60 patients